

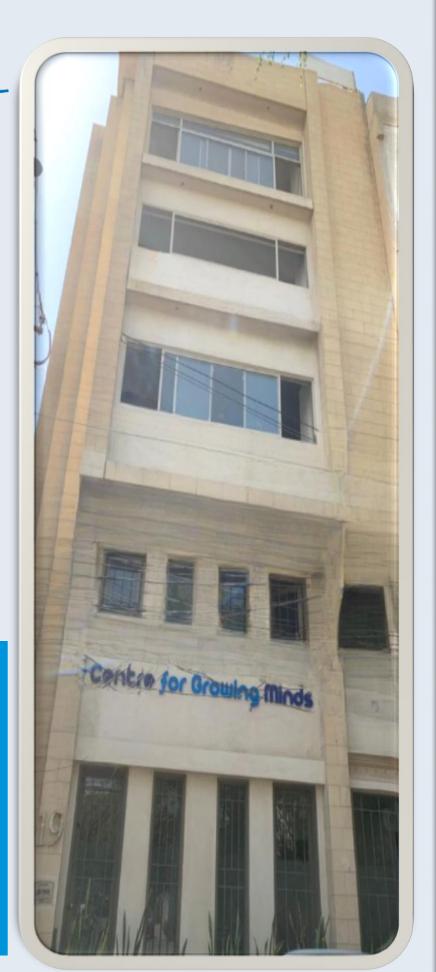
MONTHLY NEWSLETTER

June - July 2023

Volume 7

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Message for Parents
- Upcoming Webinar
- Updates for the month
- Focus of the month: PECS and Sign Language
- Welcoming
 Dr Shahzaib Khan





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MESSAGE FOR PARENTS

Dear Parents,

Hope everyone is well and taking measures to keep hydrated in this heat!

Just a few updates for the month of June - July.

First, our RBT, Talha Ahmed, will be leaving us in August to pursue further studies in the UK! We wish him the very best of luck.

Next, we have a new RBT, Aneela Masud, join our team. Excited to see her learn and get to know our kiddos!

Further, Sarah Amin, our BCaBA is back to the centre after 1.5 years off! She will be conducting sessions tailored to parent training only.

Lastly, we conducted a talk on the 8th July with paediatrician, Dr. Shahzaib Khan addressing developmental milestones and answering questions from parents. We are now pleased to inform you that Dr. Shahzaib will be available and taking appointments at CFGM for screening and assessment of developmental concerns. Please contact reception to book your appointments.

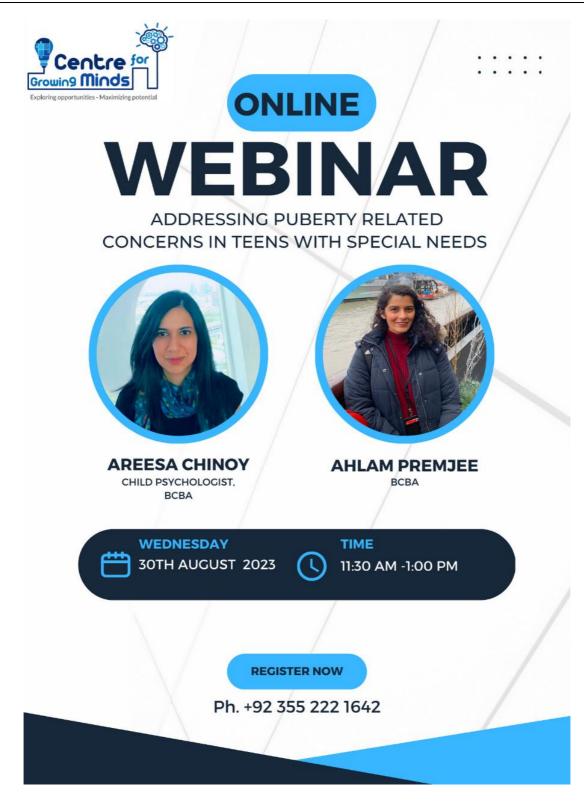
Gentle reminder to CFGM parents. We are available for meetings to discuss progress and address any issues you have. Meetings under 30 minutes are conducted free of cost. Feel free to get in touch if you have any concerns.

Have a lovely last few weeks of summer break!

Regards Areesa Riyaz Chinoy



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UPDATES FOR THE MONTH



SOCIAL SKILLS MOMENTS WITH OUR KIDDOS



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Sign Based Communication Systems

Growing evidence suggests the implementation of alternative communication improves the quality of life for individuals with difficulties in hearing, speech production or communication. Like other modes of communication, behaviours such as gestures and body language are communicative and often occur alongside speech. Therefore, one type of alternative communication involves the use of hand gestures to form signs that convey meaning. These *sign-based*



communication systems are used globally, mostly with populations who have hearing and communication difficulties.

Sign based communication conveys meaning, expression and emotions by assigning meaning to each gestural sign. Some sign languages possess the same linguistic structures as any spoken language would. For example, American, Pakistani and British Sign Language (ASL, PSL and BSL) are independent sign languages with their own grammatical rules. They are used mostly within the deaf population.

On the other hand, Makaton, another sign-based communication system focuses on the combination of signs alongside speech. It is particularly designed to facilitate communication in individuals with typical hearing but communicative or difficulties in speech production. The table below gives an overview of the advantages of the use of sign-based communications.

Easy to learn	Signs are easy to learn as they involve the use of different modes (hand movements, expressions etc.) Coordinated gestures resemble the meaning they convey. Such visual cues make them easy to remember and relate to.
Spontaneous to	Signers can engage in communication spontaneously in real-time,
use	without having to rely on any external material.
Facilitates	Research has shown sign-based communication systems to act as a
transition to	bridge for verbal communication. For instance, the repeated
verbal	combination of signs with spoken words provides visual support.
communication	Continuous repetition reinforces the meaning of the word.
Reduces	Sign based communication systems prevents frustration due to lack of
challenging	communication. This eliminates challenging and aggressive
behaviours	behaviours.
Promotes social behaviours	Research has explored social benefits of sign language and have found
	an increase in prosocial behaviours such as initiating conversations. This results in increased inclusion and acceptance in social settings.
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Promotes	Sign based systems focus on key words. This helps in promoting
language	receptive language as learners early on begin to distinguish meanings
development	between signs based on what they see.
Language system is universal	Sign based communications such as Makaton are universal. This
	means, irrespective of the language a person speaks, the signs of
	Makaton remain the same.

The table below provides an overview of the disadvantages of implementing sign-based communication systems:

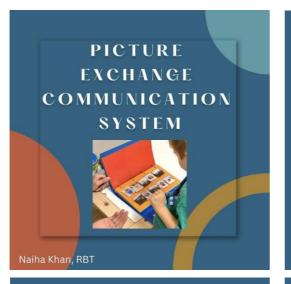
Difficult to teach	While signs are easy to teach those learning to use them, it is difficult
other	for other communicative members to understand and learn. This limits
communicative	effective communication.
members	
Requires pre- requisites skills	To learn signs, individuals must be able to imitate complex fine motor
	and gross motor gestures. This may not be possible for those with
	motor difficulties.
	Signers fluent in sign language are required to divide their attention
Impacts speech	between sign language and spoken language. This can result in a slight
production	delay in learning to make speech sounds. This varies from individual
-	to individual.
More advanced	High tech speech generation devices provide superior communication.
communication	They can assist in communication with various customization options
systems	such as voice and tone control. Such systems offer diverse options for
available	individuals.

Sign based communication systems such as Sign Language and Makaton improve quality of life of individuals with hearing and speech difficulties. It facilitates communication and reduces frustration led challenging behaviours. However, Sign Language or other systems should only be implemented if learners are able to imitate gestures and other communicative members are able to learn and implement signs. Only then will sign based communication systems be successful.



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FOCUS OF THE MONTH: PECS AND SIGN LANGUAGE



Disadvantages

- Other newer technological devices are available that have speech generation
- Not effective for those with severe motor difficulty
- Individuals will only be able to communicate with 'provided' pictures when the book is available
- Takes time for a learner to form a sentence on the communication book

Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS) is an evidence based alternative communication system designed to help those who are unable to communicate through traditional modes of communication.

The system incorporates the use of pictures on a communication book.



Advantages

- Facilitates speech in learners who have some words in their speech repertoire before PEC8 is introduced.
- Customisable according to the learner and their environment.
- PEC8 steps are easy to teach
- Cost effective
- Promotes prosocial communication and decreases challenging behaviours



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SIGN LANGUAGE



Advantages

- Promotes spontaneous communication- not dependant on external materials
- Reduces challenging behaviours
- Facilitates language development and transition to verbal communication
- Caters to individuals with different learning styles due to its multimodality (use of gestures, hand movements, visual cues, body language etc)
- Increases opportunities for social interaction and promotes social skills
- Signs focus on keywords, which increases receptive language
- Sign based systems such as Makaton are universal regardless of different spoken language

Disadvantages

- Requires prerequisites such as motor imitation and joint attention
- Limited opportunities for generalisation
- Communicative partner requires training to understand sign
- Social stigma may lead to potential social isolation
- Difficult to teach
- Use of keywords can slow down speech production

Sign Language is a visual gestural communication system that uses hand gestures, facial expressions, and body movements to convey meaning.

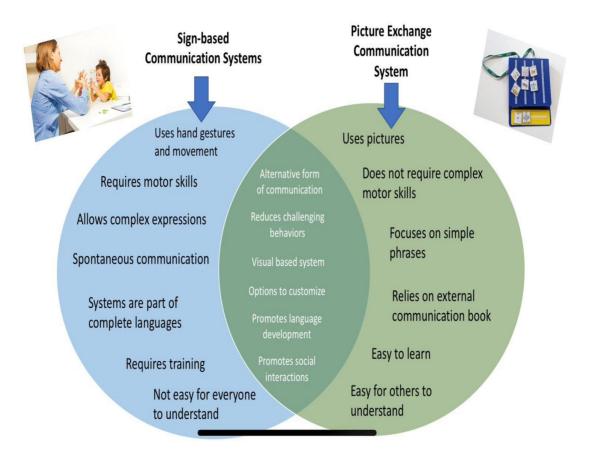
It is used by individuals who are hard of hearing or have speech delays





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COMPARISON BETWEEN SIGN-BASED AND PICTURE EXCHANGE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM





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WELCOMING DR. SHAHZAIB KHAN

THE CENTRE FOR GROWING MINDS IS PLEASED TO WELCOME Dr. SHAHZAIB EVERY TUESDAY & THURSDAY



TUE & THU, 3PM - 6PM

Dr. Shahzaib M Khan (MD, FAAP, Diplomat American Board of Pediatrics)

Dr. Khan completed his MBBS degree from Ziauddin Hospital, following which he worked as a post-doc research fellow at the National Institutes of Health, Maryland. He then completed his post-graduate residency training in pediatrics from Sinai Hospital Baltimore, United States and is currently employed as head of the department of pediatrics at Ziauddin Hospital, Clifton campus.

Dr. Shahzaib Khan's special interest lies in developmental and behavioral pediatrics, and during his training had plentiful experience and exposure in diagnosing and treating children with ADHD, autism spectrum disorder, mood disorders as well as speech delay, global developmental delays and intellectual disability.

Dr. Shahzaib will be taking appointments for consultations at CFGM on Tuesdays & Thursdays from 3-6pm. Please contact reception to book your appointment



YAQIN PLACE, 19-C, FIRST SUNSET COMMERCIAL STREET, DHA PHASE IV NEAR BAIT-US-SALAM MOSQUE, KARACHI